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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/697,620	10/29/2003	Manoj Singhal	15154US01	7311
	7590 10/14/200 S HELD & MALLOY,	EXAMINER		
500 WEST MADISON STREET SUITE 3400 CHICAGO, IL 60661			SAINT CYR, LEONARD	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2626	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/14/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/697,620	SINGHAL, MANOJ			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		LEONARD SAINT CYR	2626			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE is not soft time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 Ju	ilv 2008				
•	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
′=	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
- ,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
4)🛛	Claim(s) <u>1, 4 – 9, 12, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19, and 21</u>	1 - 23 is/are pending in the applic	cation.			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)🖂	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1, 4 – 9, 12, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19, and 21 - 23</u> is/are rejected.					
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
Applicati	on Papers					
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
-	10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
<i>,</i> —	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority ເ	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
2) Notic 3) Inform	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate			

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 07/10/08 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that neither Jiang nor Boland nor Su teach or suggest classifying the audio signal based upon the comparison, wherein classifying the audio signal occurs after decoding the audio signal, and wherein classifying the audio signal further comprises turning on a flag in a header of a packet of digital audio information, wherein the flag provides an indication of classification of the audio signal based upon comparison of the ratio and the threshold (Amendment, pages 6-10).

The examiner disagrees, and points out that claim rejection is based on the combination of Jiang et al., Boland et al., and Su. Jiang et al is used to teach classifying the audio signal based upon comparison by disclosing "the speech discriminator may utilize energy distribution features of the portion of audio signal in determining whether to classify the portion as speech" (Jiang et al, col.8, lines 22 - 26).

Boland et al is used to teach classifying the audio occurs after decoding the audio signal by disclosing "periodicity measure has been used in speech codecs for pitchperiod estimation and voice/unvoiced classification (col.1, lines 57 -61). Su is used to teach classifying the audio signal further comprises turning on a flag in a header of a packet of digital audio information, wherein the flag provides an indication of classification of the audio signal by disclosing "once the speech signal is routed to the

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rate determination controller, a predetermined flag in the header of the speech frame is analyzed to determine classification of the speech frame" (col.4, lines 57 – 67). Thus, Jiang et al., in view of Boland et al., and further in view of Su teach all parts of the limitation.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 3. Claims 1, 4 9, 12, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19, and 21 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jiang et al., (US Patent 6,901,362) in view of Boland et al., (US Patent 7,171,357), and further in view of Su (US Patent 7,127,390).

Regarding claims 1 and 16, Jiang et al. discloses a method for classifying an audio signal (see col. 1, lines 7-8), the method comprising:

receiving an audio signal to be classified (see fig. 1, where audio signal 106 is input in to audio analyzer 104 and col. 3, line 21);

dividing the audio signal at least into sub-bands compatible with speech and incompatible with speech (see col. 3, lines 34-39);

comparing the sub band energy to a threshold value (see col. 8, lines 57-67), and classifying the audio signal based upon the comparison (see fig. 4 steps 246 and 252, and col. 3, line 22).

Jiang et al. fails to teach that classifying the audio signal occurs after decoding the audio signal calculating a ratio of the sub-bands energies and using the ratio to

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compare to a threshold value. However, these features are well known in the art as evidenced by Boland, which discloses periodicity measure has been used in speech codecs for pitch-period estimation and voice/unvoiced classification; a voice activity - detector that uses energy ratios (see col. 1, lines 49- 52, and 57 - 61). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Boland voice activity detection method of using sub-band ratios because it can distinguish between speech and non speech sounds better than using just sub-band energy (see col. 1, lines 52-55).

Jiang et al. in view of Boland does not disclose wherein classifying the audio signal further comprises turning on a flag in a header of a packet of digital audio information, wherein the flag provides an indication of classification of the audio signal. However this feature is well known in the art as evidenced by Su. Su teaches that once the speech signal is routed to the rate determination controller, a predetermined flag in the header of the speech frame is analyzed to determine classification of the speech frame (col.4, lines 57 - 67). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to indicate the classification of an audio signal in a header of a packet so that the transmission of the classification would be guaranteed.

Regarding claim 4, Boland et al., further disclose comprises integrating the subband compatible with speech, integrating the sub-band incompatible with speech, and calculating a ratio of the sub-bands (see col. 1, lines 49-52). Regarding claims 5 and 21, Jiang et al. further discloses wherein classifying the audio signal based upon the comparison the ratio to the threshold value further comprises, if the ratio is less than the threshold value then the audio signal is classified as speech (see col. 8, lines 57-67).

Regarding claims 6 and 22, Jiang et al. further discloses wherein classifying the audio signal based upon the comparison of the ratio to the threshold value further comprises, if the ratio is greater than the threshold value, then the audio signal is classified as music (see co. 12, Table 1).

Regarding claim 7, Jiang et al. further discloses wherein dividing the audio signal into sub-bands compatible with speech and incompatible with speech further comprises dividing the audio signal into a first frequency sub-band comprising frequencies below 4 KHz and a second frequency sub-band comprising frequencies above 4 KHz (see col. 8, lines 34- 35).

Regarding claims 8 and 23, Jiang et al. further discloses wherein upon classifying the signal as one of speech and music, a classifying sub-band may be further divided and additional ratios calculated to provide more detailed information regarding an identity of a sound producer of the audio signal (see c01. 13, lines 9-10).

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Regarding claim 9, Su further discloses classifying the audio signal occurs prior to encoding the audio signal (col.4, line 65 –col.5, line 10).

Regarding claims 12 and 18, Jiang et al. further discloses wherein the threshold value used in the comparison is pre-determined and pre-set by a user (see col. 4, lines 28-30).

Regarding claims 13 and 19, Jiang et al. further discloses wherein the threshold value used in the comparison is determined through trial and error of a plurality of iterations in a comparing device (see col. 8, line 13-18).

Regarding claim 15, Jiang et al. further discloses wherein the audio signal is one of an analog signal and a digital signal (see fig. 1, element 106, col. 3, lines 23-25).

Regarding claim 17, Jiang et al. further discloses wherein the plurality of mathematical functions performed on the audio signal may comprise at least one of a Fourier Transform, squaring an amplitude, separating an audio spectrum into subbands, integrating the sub-bands, and calculating a ratio of integrated sub-bands (see fig. 3 element 222).

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Conclusion

4. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to LEONARD SAINT CYR whose telephone number is (571) 272-4247. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon- Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richemond Dorvil can be reached on (571) 272-7602. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571)-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

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LS 10/04/08

/Richemond Dorvil/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2626